On Thursday morning last, Mr. W. C. White, of Mexico, was run against by a negro man carrying a hod. This caused some angry words. The negro, it is said, also threw a brick, when Mr. White drew an unloaded pistol and knocked him down. He went of, and shortly after returned armed with a pistol and knife, swearing that he would "kill White before night, or any other d—d white man that interfered with bim that day." He was thereupon arrested and fined ten dollars and cost, for disturbing the peace. This only exasperated the fellow, who roamed through the streets threatening "that no such d-d rebel as White could live in the same State with him." Some time during the day Mr. White shot the negro, killing him instantly. He then surrendered himself to the proper authorities. On a subsequent investigation of the affair, the killing was pronounced justifiable homicide and he was re-

For Cougress.

E. A. Holcomb, of Chariton county, consents to the use of his name by the Radicals of the Sixth District, as a candidate for Congress. Mr. H. is a man of some ability. We will do him the justice to say we believe he is qualified to teach a district school for negro children. We say negro children, because he is manifestly more interested their welfare than in that of white children But as a Congressman—ob, Mister Holcomb! Where is your modesty? By the way, Mr. Holcomb says he "believes treason against the State or General Government is a crime." Ah! Do you, Mr. Holcomb? Is that one of your issues, to be discussed in the canvass? You had better first try and find some one who denies that "treason s a crime." If you had said all who oppose the Radical party are traitors and ought to be hung without trial, then you would have expressed your dea better. When you have lived a little longer. Mr. Holcomb, you will, perhaps, learn that no man can properly be called a traitor who has not been convicted of treason; and when you say "that he who sympathises with traitors sympa thises with criminals," your saying is entitled to fust so much respect as that of an ignoramou who don't know what he is talking about. There is law in this country for the punishment of trai tors; and if you know of any, it is your duty to have them arrested and prosecuted. Don't blov about what you believe; give us facts.

P. S. Is it treason to have made a little secesh speech in Chariton county in 1861?

Trouble in a Presbytery. The Palmyra Presbytery, of the Presbyterian Church, met at South Fork church, in Monroe county, on Thursday evening last, and was constituted by electing Rev. J. P. Finley as Moderator. Most of the churches within the bounds of the Presbytery were represented. The business progressed harmoniously until Friday afternoonwhen a division occurred, which resulted in the breaking up of the Presbytery rather unceremoniously, by the withdrawal of those Ministers and Elders who adhere to the action of the last Geu-

eral Assembly. The assembly instructed all Synods and Pres byteries to refuse seats in their respective bodies to the ministers known as * Declaration and Tes-almony man," In pursuance of action instruc-tions, Rev. Mr. Finley, as Stated Clerk, and feel-

ing bound by the action of the General Assembly, refused to recognize Rev's. Willis, Travis and others as members of the Pres bytery. Upon this question, the ministers present were about equal-ly divided, but a majority of the Elders holding with the "Declaration and Testim ony" ministers gave this latter party the preponderance in the

ed Clerk, who was also acting as Moderator, be requested to resign that position. Upon this, the aforesaid officer, with the other Ministers and Elders adhering to the action of the General Assembly, retired with the records; and the Presbytery was thus unceremoniously brought to a clos There was no bitter discussion or angry words indulged in, and the parties thus separated in good

> For the Times. The Seldshness of Party.

"Ho ! ho ?" cried Orlando, "you too are fo throwing stones, are you?"

Acknowledging the hand of Providence, in all events, I am willing to wait till we have made this continent once more a place where freemen can live in security and honor, before assuming any To make progress a reform instead of a revolu-

tion, is worth a little patience.

Old Doctor Time is slow, but still He does know how to make a pill. I would do nothing hastily, or vindictively, no

duce and perpetuate, for a long time, opposite political parties.

Such parties contending earnestly for sincerely adopted principles, will not be likely to work any mischief in the State. Like the composition of force in mechanics, a ballanced movement and determined progress may thus be attained, which single powers could not accomplish.

But the party is not so much for the expressio of opinion, as for the constraining and coercing it The real freemen cannot permit himself to belong to any modern political party, without sacrificing personal liberty for party trammels. The maxim has become as partically prevalent in politics as in war, that "to the victors belong the spoils;" and as the national power and wealth increases, these spoils become the more tempting and their distribution the more corrupting. The emoluments of office control the canvass, and the selfishness of the office-seeker drives the public elections to violence and riot. He calculates the economy of so much time and money spent on the election over against the salary and the perquisites, and goes deliberately at work, as if the sacred suffrages of free men were only things of barter in the market. The demoralization from political partizanship even in Washington, is such that you may behold a Senator "coppering on the ace," or a Congressman standing in a bar-room with a lump of mouldy cheese in one hand and a glass of "pony whisky" in the other; or a Judge of the Supreme Court wriggling an ugly woman through the ridiculous movements of the polks in a hotel-parlor. It is a disgrace for all of us, that in this country, and in this year of our history, the occassion should require the statement of such principles and facts as

What human arm is about to arrest this venality and profligacy, and save to posterity our free in-

stitutions? Most thorough is my conviction, whether the fact shall prove to be such or not, that the obligation upon both political parties, from patriotism and christianity, now is, that they magnanimously bend political interests to harmonious cooperation, and not push them out to fraternal dis-

EVENING For the Times.

The setting sun, with fiery eye, Bids the fair earth a fond adien; While overhead the darkening sky Puts on a robe of deeper blue.

Clouds, like a crimson-hearted rose, (While golden sunbeams o'er them stray.) Their soft enchanting shadow throws Round the departing god of day.

Now, in this sweet, howitching hour, When thoughts from baser passions flee, I bow to love's resistless power, And dream, my absent one, of thee.

Of thee and one remembered night, When star-rays through the lattice beaming, Reflected back the dearer light Of love, beneath thine eye lide beaming. The love I pledged thee there glows still

As warm and ford as on that night, When 'neath thy glace my pulses thrilled And trembled with a pained delight. And art thou constant too? O yes!

By every thought of mine for thee
That morn and eve thy mem ry bless,
I feel that thou art true to me.

O love! "so near and yet so far!"
So dear, and yet so widely severed!
A pang my every joy will mar
Till I am wholly thine forever.
FANNIE TERASE.

A Good Deed.

The Chicago American Churchman says: We find the following acknowledgment in the Gospel Messenger, and wish we could find many more of a similar character. A single act of this kind has a stronger tendency to heal the wounds of our stricken nation, and to remove the hitterness remitties from our sectional war, than all the trackering of our corrupt and villainons politicians. We are thenkful that God governs the world, and not the devil or nealiticians:

Acknowledgment.—During the war the church at Van Buren was robbed of a valuable Communion Service. It was the gift of friends in New Orleans, and I believe the only silver service in the State. It was supposed to be in Kansas, and I have been engaged in correspondence, prosecuting inquiries in that quarter.

Unexpectedly, however, I have received a letter from the Rev. Mr. Franklin, of Mount Morris, Western New York, inforthing me that he had The Chicago American Churchman says : W

ter from the Rev. Mr. Franklin, of Mount Morris, Western New York, informing me that he had
found the plate in question in the hands of a discharged soldier. With the assistance of some
kind friends he bought it, paying for it its estimated value as "old silver," \$108. To-day I
have received the express receipt for it, and thus

The same day H. T. Blow, Esq., spoke at Canor Flether, for in his speech he used a portion
of the very phraseology we have just quoted from

the Communion vessels are returned to the parish free of all charges.

In the name of the parishioners, and in my own behalf, I tender to Mr. Franklin and his co-adjustors sincerest thanks. They have done an act of kindness very grateful to the hearts of Southern Churchers.

an act of kindness very grateful to the nearts of Southern Churchmen.

And thus may it ever be. May the Church still bind up the wounds which man in his violence has made, and out of her own bounty restore that which man in his selfishness has taken away.

Henry C. Lay, Miss, Bp. of Ark.

Huntsville, Ala., Aug. 6, 1866.

The following from the Acting Adjutant General, shows that something is being done in the way of arming militie.

JEFFERSON CITY, Aug. 31, '66.
Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock, Commanding Department of Missouri: The statement contained in the incendiary article in yesterday morning's Republican that the chief executive of the State has without authority of I would do nothing hastily, or vindictively, nor presume to jog the elbow of Providence. No desperate measures for me till we are sure that all others are hopeless. Fiat justifia rual ceelum is not to be taken in a literal sense by statesmen, whose problem is to get justice done with as little jar as possible to existing order, which has at least so much of heaven in it that it is not chaos. "The Orators of the human race," may consider it their or instruction and drill prior to the close of the visable to have this inserted in the morning papers?

Republican that the chief executive of the State has, without authority of law, organized already, and armed, from sixty to one hundred companies of militia are armed, and those only at the call of the Sherifs of the counties where they are located. But one company of colored troops have arms, and these were issued to them for instruction and drill prior to the close of the war. To allay public feeling, would it not be advisable to have this inserted in the morning papers?

FRED. SCHUYLER.

The Republican of Thursday, August 30th, contains the following article, showing the threatening attitude of parties in the State in view of the coming election:

The Radical revolutionists of Missour are growing more bold and defant in their declaration of a fixed purious to courted the majority of the people of the State by force. They menace the President of the United States with armed resisting the state of the United States with armed resisting the state of the United States with armed resisting the state of the United States with armed resisting them that they are in the grasp of a femple power that will grant no relief from a grinding oppression except at their own pleasure. They mock the people by telling them they have no alternative but to submit to the laws, until they are changed by due process of law, while they there are the state of the coming state of the Courted States with armed the state of the Governor to control the polls at the coming pression except at their own pleasure. They mock the people by telling them they have no alternative but to submit to the laws, until they are changed by due process of law, while they there are the state of the Courted States with a state of the Governor to control the polls at the coming pression except at their own pleasure. They mock the people by telling them they have no changed by due process of law, while they from the people who would be stated to the state of the Courte of the California of the visit of the state of the California of the visit of the California of the visit of the California of the visit of the California of the California of the California of the Ordina of the California of the lemand their rights' and ask the countenance

demand their rights, and ask the countenance of the Central Government in maintaining those rights, our Radical tyrants grow furious and defant, and menace the President with a bloody rebellion if he responds to the call made upon him by themajority of the citizens of Missouri. Charles D. Drake on Thursday last struck the key note of the new rebellion, and said:

"If this realty meries anything—if it is snything more than mere bluster, it means that the President, or some military commander, is to judge whether Governor Fletcher performs his duty, as chief magistrate of the State, or not; and if he happens to think that he does not, then the President, or some military officer, is to assume the Governor's functions, and take the reins of Government in Missouri. If it meaas that, the President and all his officers might as well know at once dent and all his officers might as well know at once that there will be dead bodies, and a good many of them, to march over before such a game of wholesale and lawless usurpation can be sucessfully played.

"Now with these points plainly settled by the Constitution and the laws, let us see President Johnson, or any of his officers, open his campaign Johnson, or any of his officers, open his campaign in Missouri to perform Goversor Fletcher's work for him. The sooner they do it the sooner will the country see--what it seems slow to perceive—that the whole power of the President is to be recklessly wielded to put this great nation under the control of the rebels whom it but yesterday put down by arms. Ard when the nation does see that, it will not be slow to act as befits the occasion.

occasion.

"If the President presumes to interfere in our local affairs, except in the case provided for in the Constitution and laws, he will find that not to the borders of Missouri slone will the succeeding con-

of the very phraseology we have just quoted from the manifesto and challenge of the Governor. He proclaims that President Johnson "will never dare to intrude his power within the State of Mis-

dare to intrude his power within the State of Missouri," thus echoing the old cry of rebels in 1861, making a twin rebel of himself with Charles D. Drake, and indorsing the rebel defiance of Governor Fletcher; and what is more significant and alarming, calling for finstant preparation and arming on the part of the Conservatives, is the boldly insolent and defiant statement that "Governor Fletcher is independent of the Executive and his orders, and he will have an organization for the protection of the polls, that will not require the military authority of this Union." He said:

"Governor Fletcher is independent of the Executive and of his orders, and he will have an organization for the protection of the polls—that will not require the military authority of this Union." utive and of his orders, and he will have an organization for the protection of the polls—that will not require the military authority of this Union. [Cheers.] And my prayer is no American citizen may ever be cursed with living in a State that has to go out of its confines for protection for the administration of the law. [Cheers.] The President took good care to tell that delegation who was the cammandant of this Department. That might give them a little comfort, but it was not necessary to mention to such men as Jim Broadhead and Bart Able and those other men who have been trying to arouse the had blood of the people of Missouri; it was not necessary to mention to these men, who will so signally fail in their purpose, that Thomas C. Fletcher was Governor of the proud and free State of Missouri." [Loud cheers.]

other are hyeles. Het pertite reat columns of the backet in the tributed of the pertite of the second of the secon

The French soldiers are made to fight the lo-custs in Algiers. They kill 3,000 cwt. a day and

The Queen of the Sandwich Islands started for home Wednesday, 29th ult., via. Aspinwall and San Francisco.

It cost a gay New York milkman \$50 for water-ing his milk the other day, a spying policeman having nabbed him. M. Drouyn De L'Huys, the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, has resigned. of Montolon succeeds him.

There are thieves in Portland who steal the pil-lows from under the heads of poor homeless chil-dren encamped in tents in the pasture.

The formalities of the Cession of Venitia have ended, the Austrians to leave Venice and the Quadrilateral on the 5th of September. "Do you like novels?" Tasked Miss Fitzgerald of her backwoods lover. "I can't say," he replied; "I never ate any; but Pm death on pos-

Mr. Theodore Tilton in the Independent, says that "no man shall be next President of the United States who does not ask permission of the

Notwithstanding the absence of the Presiden applications for appointments continue to be for-warded to Washington in large numbers. They are of course placed in file to await his return.

IFA Cow was recently drowned by a mud turtle near Ogdensburg. She had gone into the water to drink when the turile fastened to her nose, and held it so long under water as to suffocate the

A couple of brothers named Flournoy, got in-to a row on the 25th of August, in Ray county, during which one of them was killed and the other wounded. They had been out shooting with a pis-tol, and reft out.

Jeseph Inman and wife are under arrest at Westfield Iudiana, for tying a young girl naked to a tree, beating her, and leaving her until released by a passing traveller, her skin having been fearfully blistered by the sun.

An English lord, wishing to do a little more than any of his brother aristocrats had done be-fore him, went to a telegraph office in London, and had his cigar lighted by an electric spark from Heart's Content, sent through the Atlantic cable. This feat cost him 200 guineas, or \$1050 in gold.

It is stated that the New Secretary of the Interior, Hon. O. H. Browning, has discovered that Secretary Harlan, before retiring, had filled every position in the Department, and had even made appointments to vacancies that would occur a month or two a head.

A young lady named Mary Dougherty, residing in Charleston, S. C., was killed on Sunday, 19th, n a singular manner. She was employed in making up the bed of the proprietor of the house where she lived, when a loaded pistol, which had been left under the pillow, fell upon the floor, and the contents were discharged.

Col. James Monroe of South Carolina, late of the C. S. A., was recently killed at San Luis Potthe Co.

the C. S. A., was recently killed at San Luis Po-tosi, Mexico, whether he had voluntarily exil-ed himself, by his Mexican laborers. They were drunk and fighting, and when the Col. tried to stop them, turned upon and killed him

The Fort Wayne Democrat tells of a woman in Allen county who plows, fishes sings and nurses all at once. She has a bell attached to the fishing pole that gives notice when there is a "bite," she suspends her twin babies in a tree, and drives the plow around the field to the tune of "Old Hundred." That is the kind of a wife to have.

The threatened raid by the Fenians into Can ada

Ministry to Cholera Patients.

A Correspondent of the Jefferson City Tribune writing from St. Louis, says: writing from St. Louis, says:

When the shepherd, from cowardly fear of death, deserts the flock, he is well paid for pretending to lead in the narrow path to Heavenly pastures, leaving them to face the grim destroyer alone, with not even the idoubtful advantage of his presence and prayers—I don't want to look further for the most despicable thing on earth. A few days since the Rev. Dr., Post announced in the papers that his church was closed for the season. Closed for what season? On the other hand, to speak from personal observation, the Catholic Priests throughout the city are literally worn out with their labora to alleviate the suffering of those stricken with disease, and to prepare for death

Priests throughout the city are literally worn out with their labors to alleviate the suffering of those stricken with disease, and to prepare for death those who were soon to stand before their Maker. And their exertions have been gloriously rewarded. Thousands of tepid Catholics have been aroused, and conversions have been made to the faith that animales the breasts of these self-denying men of God. Do not understand me as condemning all the Protestant ministers of the city for the fault of one. Many, or indeed all of them, may have performed their duty for aught I know to the contrary; but what I have said about Catholic Priests I know to be true.

But what shall be said of those noble, those angelic woman—the Sisters of Charity? Who shall chronicle the hours, days and weeks devoted by these heroines of Christianity to soothing the pain of the dying, administering remedies to the sick, consoling the hearts of the bereaved, and providing for the wants of the desolate orphans? Taking no thought of their own danger, with hearts overflowing with love of God and God's children, they have tolled to lighten the misery inflicted upon us by the dread cholera scourge. No rest—no intermission! Medicines must be administered, food prepared, beds, clothing and rooms cleansed, the sufferer's attention and heart directed to the Savior dying on the Cross, the dead robed for the last resting place; end then when the earth has received the proor remains of mortality, the orphans must be cared for, the poor child must find its home in the arms and heart of the humble, weary, uppretending but glorious exemplar of a Savior's love—the Bisters of Charity I

From the Mo. Statesman. BOONE COUNTY R. R. BONDS .- Nothing could more conclusively demonstrate the good opinion entertained for our people at home and abroad than the fact, the very gratifying fact, that all the Railroad bonds issued by our County Court, \$200,000, have been sold for cash.

CHOLERA. -- We bear of no cases of cholera now CHOLERA.—We hear of no cases of cholera now in the county outside of the Wise family, living near Providence, some of whom have died with the disease, as we mentioned in our last issue. It has been very fatal in this family into whose midst the sweeping harbinger of death was brought from abroad. Since our last issue William Wise and his wife Mary Wise have both died, adding six to the catalogue of mortality out of this household since the 14th ult. Two children are yet dangerously ill with the faisease.

SALE OF LOTS .- Col. J. R. Shields of this place SALE OF LOTS.—Col. J. R. Shields of this place sold a few days ago to J. S. Moss, Esq., of the firm of Moss & Prewitt, four and a fourth acres of land, fronting on Baptist College Avenue, for \$1000. Mr. Moss designs at once erecting on the lot a handsome residence.

Messrs John P. Horner, W. H. Gilman and Dr. G. S. Morse have purchased lots on the Centralia road, in the edge of town, north of R. B. Price's residence; on which they will without delay erect fine dwellings. Columbia moves.

From the Fayette Advertiser. THE COUNTY CANVASS .- There are some who do not fully understand the proposition or manner of voting on the 8th of October next; and as we have been called upon to explain it, we shall endeavor to do so, to the best of our ability. The latter part of the following paragraph is all that needs an explanation.

deavor to do so, to the best of our ability. The latter part of the following paragraph is all that needs an explanation:

That each of our names shall be placed upon the poll-books in their regular order for nomination, and that every white man in the county, above twenty-one years, who is opposed to the doctrine of the Radical party, who has resided one year in the State of Missouri, and three months in this county, and who will bind himself to support the candidates nominated for whom he shall vote, shall be allowed to vote in such nomination.

After the article had been drawn and submitted to the Convention for approval, the words, for whom he shall vote, were proposed and interlined in the original. The words, however, do not obstruct the meaning of the paragraph in question. Any voter can vote for Sheriff, and omit the rest of the candidates if he chooses. He is required to support the ticket just as far as he goes. Say for instance, that he will vote for any one of the candidates for Sheriff, and the man he votes for does not receive the nominet, whoever he may be for sheriff, because he voted for sheriff. If he votes only for Assessor alone, then he is not bound to support any other candidate, hecanet the interest the interest of the candidates of the properties. votes only for Assessor alone, then he is not bound to support any other candidate, because that is as far as he went. So you see, the words for whom we shall vote, imply just what we have stated, and only binds a voter as far as he goes, in what is fermed the nomination.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT .- On Monday morning last while little Jo. Hendrix was out hunting, and while re-loading one barrel of his gun, the other from some unknown cause, was discharged, the load entering his right hand. The wound was of such a nature, as to require amputation of the four fingers. Jo. is 14 years of age, and is said to have been very careful when using a gun.

been very careful when using a gun.

BALTIMORK, MD., Aug. 20. 1866.

To Miss Mittie Crigler, Treasurer of the Fayette Mo., Southern Aid Society — My DEAR MISS CRIGLER: Your letter containing thirteen hundred and ninety-five dollars, for me to distribute among the destutute people of the South was received by to-day's mail, and at once deposited in the Union Bank of Maryland.

I will, according to promise in my letter most faithfully distribute this money among the Southern sufferers, sending to you a faithful account of all I do.

I need hardly say how ardently I work in the cause, and how truly I thank you and the ladies you represent, for so liberally helping our dear Southern friends, who so greatly need our assistance at this time. Most truly your friend, Mass. John H. B. Latraobe.

The Best Joke Yell—Not long since one of

THE BEST JOKE YET .- Not long since, one of

The Best Joke Yet.—Not long since, one of our candidates for sheriff started out on an electioneering tour, and in passing a farm house late one evening he found the farmer endeavoring to milk an unruly cow. Our candidate being very accommodating, rode up to the fence, and alighted, hitched his steed, with the remark:

"Your cow seems to be very unruly. It may be that I can assist you."

No quicker said than done, the farmer told him to hold the cow, while he milked her.

While going through the modus operandi, the conversation turned upon politics, when our candidate remarked that he "was a candidate for sheriff." This of course led the farmer to inquire who were his opponents. After being told who they were, the farmer remarked:

"Oh, yes! One of them is now behind the barn holding the calf!"

Death of an Old Citizen.—It is our points.

cered by better men, on the Missourl River. We commend the new line to the traveling and ship-

From the Randolph Citizen SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.—There will be a Convention of the Sunday Schools of Randolph County, in Huntsville, on the 10th and 11th days of October next. The various Sunday Schools throughout the county are requested to send delegates. Distinguished speakers from St. Louis and elsewhere, will be in attendance. The object is to devise means for furthering the Sunday School

FATAL DIFFICULTY—DEATH OF LAPAYETTE POWELL.—On F.iday week last a personal rencounter occurred near Smithland, in this county, between Walter G. Miles and Lafayette Powell, in which the inter-was instantly killed. Miles attempted to make his escape. Advertisements were sent out, offering \$100 reward, and he was apprehended on the Railroad at Mexico, and brought back. A preliminary examination was commenced on Wednesday last, in the neighborhood, but we have not learned the result.

COUNTY COURT.—The County Court of this county, was in session Monday and Tuesday of last week—all the Judges present. But little business of general interest was transacted. Geo. W. Dameron, commissioner, reported the Sweet Spring bridge completed, and \$275 was allowed, and \$8 for commissioner's fee. Jno. H. Henderson, commissioner, reported Henderson's and Sear's bridge repaired, and \$154, and \$8 for commission, was allowed. B. F. Rice, County Surveyor, reported a copy of the field notes of the county in his possession, and was allowed \$50 for his services. An appropriation of \$25 was made for Wm. Lay, a crippled discharged Federal soldier, who was reported indigent, and has received no bounty from the Government. The work on the various roads throughout the county is progressing favor-COUNTY COURT. - The County Court of this aghout the county is progressing favor-

Since the organization of the Federal Government thirteen attempts have been made to resist its authority. The first was in 1782, a conspiracy of some of the Federal army to consolidate the thirteen States into one, and confer supreme power upon Washington, the second 1786, called Shay's Insurrection in Massachusetts; third, in 1794, called the Whisky Insurrection of Penmsylvania; fourth 1814, by the Hartford Convention; fifth, 1820, in the question of the admission of Missouri into the Union; the sixth was a collision; between the legislature of Georgia and the Federal Government, in regard to the land given to the Creek Indians; the seventh was in 1830, with the Cherokees in Georgia; the eighth was the celebrated nullifying ordinace of South Carolina, in 1832; the ninth was in 1842, in Rhode Island, between the Suffrage Association and the State authorities; the tenth was in 1855, on the part of the Mormons who resisted the Federal Government; the eleventh was John Brown's raid; the twelfth secession in 1861; the thirteenth, Thad. Stevens, in 1866.

ROUTE 10,613, GLASGOW TO MIAMI.
Arrive every Wednesday, Friday and Sunday. P. M. Depart every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 8 A. M.
The office will be open on Sunday morning un-til 9 o'clock, and no later. F. W. Digges, P. M.

Married.

In this city, on the 4th inst., by Thos. W. More ead, Esq., Mr. Hunny C. Hanpeter, of Sedalia Miss Sophia Rheinhardt, late of Boonville.

Died.

In Huntsville, Mo., September 1, 1866, Mr. Z. C. Hughes, aged 51 years. In Howard county, Mo., Sept. 1, 1866, LILLIE MAY, daughter of Bettie and Wm. Cason, aged two months and nine days.

CITY ORDINANCE.

An Ordinance Cencerning Shade Trees and En-closures around thurch Buildings and Public Property within the Corporate Limits of said City. Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the City of Glasgow: Any person or persons who shall tie or hitch any horse or horses, mule or mules, or any other stock, to any shade tree or trees, or any enclosure around any church build-ing or public property, within the corporate limits of said city, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not less than five nor more thas ten doi-lars for each offence, recoverable as any other fines; one-half will be given to any one giving the information of the violation of this ordinance, and This ordinance to take effect on and after the Sth day of September, 1866. Approved September 4, 1866.

F. W. Digges, Mayor.

New Advertisements.

LEWIS HIGH SCHOOL. Glasgow, Mo.

THE FIRST TERM of this institution will

Monday, September 10, 1866, in the basement of the M. E. Church.

In opening this institution, we wish to say to the public that we are prepared to give thorough instructions in all branches common to first class High Schools. Provisions have been made for thorough instructions in vocal and instrumental music.

music.

The rate of tuition will be low. For particulars apply to [s7-3t*] Geo. T. Weaven, Pres't. F. W. DIGGES.

Notary Public,
GLASGOW, MO.,
WILL be found at the Postoffice at all times,
and will attend punctually to acknowledgment of deeds, powers or attorney, protests, certificates to accounts, &c.

Mare Stolen-\$100 Reward. TUESDAY NIGHT, 4th September, 1866, I lost a light chesnut sorrel MARE, small star in the forehead and marks of squirrelshot on the rump. I am satisfied she was stolen, and will give the above reward for the return of the mare and capture of the thief, if taken out of the State, or \$75 if taken in the State.

57-3t* E. J. HAYS, 7 miles from Glasgow.

Education.

LINDENWOOD FEMALE COLLEGE.

This school is located in a beautiful grove near the city of St. Charles.

It is unnecessary for me to speak of my experience, success, government, &c., as I have been long known to the people of this community as the principal of the Glasgow Female Seminary, I will only say that I take charge of the LINDENWOOD COLLEGE with a determination to make it a school worthy the patronage of an enlightened Christian people; and I have the assurance of those immediately interested in its success that my efforts will be seconded by their hearty co-operation.

success that my efforts will be seconded by their hearty co-operation.

The College Building is in a short distance of the North Mo. Railroad depot. Baggage of pupils arriving will be sent for.

The sessions of the College will commence on 10th of September and 1st of February. Pupils received at any time and charged accordingly.

TERMS. Board, per term of five months \$120 Tuition in preparatory department
Tuition in collegiate department
Ancient or modern languages, each

partment. FRENCH STROTHER, Pres't.

N. B. Boarders are required to pay \$100 at
the beginning of each term and the remainder during the term.

July 20, 1868. July 20, 1866.

Election Notice.
THERE WILL BE AN ELECTION held
in the Council-room in the city of Glasgow,

Saturday, the 8th of September.

Those who intend to act as such will have to file their oaths in the county clerk's office within fitteen days next preceding said election. By order of trustees.

August 31, 1866.

A. W. ROPER.

GLASGOW

THE undersigned, having procured the splendid steam terry boat

"Joe G. Smaith,"

(formerly at Boonville,) has established a regular ferry at Giasgow, which can accommodate any amount of travel. The boat is of great power of engine, has a new bettom and iron-armored bow, and can stem the current of the Missouri with great case at any stage of valer. She has a capacity to cross 100 head of cattle, or 12 wagons and teams, at each trip. The landing will be safe and easy of access, being fitted with floating docks. Every preparation is complete to facilitate crossing without delay.

A glance at the map will show that Glasgow is a most favorable point, for emigrants to Southwest Missouri and Kansas, to cross the Missouri river, there being no steam ferry nearer than Lexington, above, and the ferrying of Grand River and Charton River being avoided, by taking the route south of the river, the roads over which are generally on high prairie ridges; and by crossing this high up a number of streams south of the river are avoided. Emigrants from Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, &c., will find this the nearest and best route to Kansas and Southwest Missouri.

A. BOULWARE.

MULES FOR SALE. I HAVE 113 fine young Mules, which I will sell, in one lot, on good therms. They can be seen at the farm of Mr. George Yeates, near Roanoke. Fo. further information, apply by letter to WM. RUPLEY, Roanoke Postoffice.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Eastern Prices.

HARDON, TULLER & CO., New Nos. 406 and 408 North Fifth st.,

Between Locust and St. Charles, St. Louis OFFER in their Wholesale Rooms for the

FALL TRADE FULL LINES OF

Sleached and Prints,
Flannels,
Blankels,
Kentucky Jeans,
Linens,
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,
Dress Goods,
Dress Goods,
Vankee N Bleached and Brown Cottons.

Dress Goods,
Shawls and Cloaks,
White Goods, Hosiery, Yankee Notions, &c. At Retail, We Offer Silks, Hosiery,
Shawls, Laces,
Linens, Mourning Goods,
Dress Goods, Cloaka,
Small Wares, &c. &c.

The best Variety and Largest Stock en 31-3m EVER OFFERED IN ST. LOUIS.

TORN & J. MILLER. CHARLES MILLER. MILLER & BROTHER, Importers and Wholesale and Retail Lealers in WHITE GRANITE

And Common Queensware, Glassware, China, Coal Oil Lamps, Tea Trays, Britania Ware, Looking Glasses, Fruit Jars, &c. &c., No. 121 North Fourth street,

ollier Block bet. Washington av. and St. Charles st. au314m] Saint Louis. PUBLIC SALE

OF THE TURNER ESTATE

THE undersigned, executors of the estate of Talton Turner, deceased, with the approbation and concurrence of the widow and children of the deceased, will, on

1,040 Acres,

1,040 Acres,
adjoins the city of Glasgow on the south, and will be subdivided into lots of from twenty to forty acres. On this tract there are many desirable building situations. To persons wishing to buy small suburban farms, with fertile soil, adjoining a quiet country town, having school facilities unsurpassed by any in the State, a fine opportunity of investment is offered.

At the same time and place, we will sell a number of town lots, belonging to the estate, in the city of Glasgow. Also a fine tract or land, containing about 170 acres, lying about 22 miles from Glasgow, known as the Warren tract; nearly all in cultivation. Also a tract of land containing about five hundred and ninety acres, lying about four miles below Glasgow, on the Missouri river, known as the Bluffport tract. This tract is heavily timbered and has fine soil, and will be sold in parcels. Also a fine tract of land lying in Saline county, containing six hundred and forty acres, situated about six miles south of Mismi, and described as section 36, township 52, range 21. This tract has some improvements upon it, is of fine soil, and is known as the Patrick farm, which will also be subdivided to suit purchasers.

The sale will be continued from day to day till completed. Plots will be furnished before the day of sale.

Terms, one third cash; one third in 12, and one third in 18 months. Interest on deferred payments at the rate of eight per cent. A deed will be executed to purchasers, and a deed of trust taken to secure deferred payments. Title Indisputable.

JOHN D. PERRY,
RICHARD EARICKSON,
JOHN H. TURNER,
Executors of Taiton Turner, deceased.
F. W. Diogas, Auctioneer. [autiotids. Missouri Southern Relief Association

GREAT FAIR IN SEPTEMBER Liberal Premiums

THE LADIES connected with the Restorant Department of the Great Fair to be held in St. Louis, commencing 25th of September next, for the benefit of the destitute Widows and Orphans of the South, offer the following list of handsome premiums for articles to be donated to this department, the awards to be made by a committee of disinterested ladies on the first evening of the Fair.

For the best 25 lbs. butter, fine sliver plated coffee urn, worth \$50.

Flour! Flour!

WE have just recoived a large lot of Extra
Out extra charge. [Ang. 31.] WHITE & BRO.

Paints, &c.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of Paints,
and for sale at low rates by
aug 24

G. H. TATUM & CO.

For the bost 25 lbs. butter, fine sliver plated coffee urn, worth \$5.9.

For the bost 25 lbs. butter, fine sliver plated coffee urn, worth \$5.9.

For the bost 25 lbs. butter, fine sliver plated coffee urn, worth \$5.9.

For best dish of chicken salad, sliver salad spoon.

Backet of fresh fruit, sliver backet.

White Cake, Sliver Breakfast Castor.

Fruit Cake, Sliver Butter Dish.

All articles sent, must be addressed to Mrs. G. G.

Schoolfield, No. Slover blook butter, fine sliver plated coffee urn, worth \$5.9.

For the bost 25 lbs. butter, fine sliver plated coffee urn, worth \$5.9.

For the bost 25 lbs. butter, fine sliver plated coffee urn, worth \$5.9.

Shaket of fresh fruit, sliver backet.

White Cake, Sliver Breakfast Castor.

Fruit Cake, Sliver Breakfast Castor.

Fruit Cake, Sliver Breakfast Castor.

Schoolfield, No. Sliver Pickie Knifels fork.

All articles sent, must be addressed to Mrs. G. G. Schoolfield, No. Sloven Street, St. Louis, "For Missouri Southern Relief Fair." The Express companies have generously offered to transport them free of charge.

(auglews).

In Howard and Saline Counties. Monday, the 22d of October, 1866. on the premises, proceed to sell, at public sale, the valuable real estate of decased, adjoining the city of Glasgow. This tract contains about